

Characteristics of the submitted research/ artistic/other output

Name and surname	doc. ThDr. Sidonia Horňanová, PhD.
Document type:	Characteristics of the submitted research/ artistic/other output
The name of the university	Comenius University Bratislava
The seat of the university	Šafárikovo námestie 6, 818 06 Bratislava

OCA1. - Surname awarded to the assessed person	Horňanová
OCA2. - Name awarded to the assessed person	Sidonia
OCA3. - Degrees awarded to the assessed person	doc. (associate professor), ThDr., PhD.
OCA4. - Hyperlink to the entry of the person in the Register of university staff	https://www.portalvs.sk/regzam/detail/5114

1st evaluated output

OCA5.1 - Area of assessment	Evangelical Lutheran Theology (Habilitation and Inauguration Proceedings)
------------------------------------	---

OCA6.1 - Category of the research/ artistic/other output	scientific output
---	-------------------

OCA7.1 - Year of publication of the research/artistic/other output	2007
---	------

OCA8.1 - ID of the record in the Central Registry of Publication Activity (CRPA) or the Central Registry of Artistic Activity (CRAA)	ID: 533877 (CREPČ 2) *výstup je registrovaný v medzinárodnej databáze SCOPUS (V CREPČ 1 a 2 - ADE)
---	--

OCA9.1 - Hyperlink to the record in CRPA or CRAA	https://app.crepc.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildQ1GEIO&sid=2FB995C4DA213D9780F664A004&&seo=CREP%C4%8C-detail-%C4%8C%C3%A1nok
---	---

Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points	Riešenie otázky pôvodu zla v období medzi Starou a Novou zmluvou / Horňanová, Sidonia [Autor, 100%]. In: Studia Theologica [textový dokument (print)] [elektronický dokument] . – Olomouc (Česko) : Univerzita Palackého v Olomouci. Cyrilometodějská teologická fakulta. – ISSN 1212-8570. – ISSN (online) 2570-9798. – TUTPR signatúra E007353. – Roč. 9, č. 1 (2007), s. 56-66 [tlačená forma] [online]
---	--

Suggested output quality level	A
---------------------------------------	---

Justification of the RATP	Justification for classification according to the Categorization of Outputs in the Annex to the Rector's Directive 24/2021 Minimum Criteria for Obtaining the Degree of Associate Professor and the Degree of Professor at the Evangelical Lutheran Theological Faculty of Comenius University in Bratislava: the research contribution was published in the national language in a foreign specialized research journal or publishing house that is registered in an international database (WoS [CCC, AHCI], Scopus) or in a specific international database in the relevant field of theology (Atla – Religion Database, Den Bibliometriske Forskningsindikator [Denmark], European Reference Index for the Humanities and Social Sciences [ERIH PLUS], Index Copernicus, Index Theologicus, Julkaisufoorumi [Finland], Norwegian Register for Scientific Journals, Series and Publishers [Norway]).
----------------------------------	---

OCA10.1 - Hyperlink to the record in another publicly accessible register, catalogue of research/ artistic/other outputs	https://www.scopus.com/results/authorNamesList.uri?sort=count-f&src=al&sid=d08f18514a66fb66a36125e1f8fb3a5b&sot=al&sdt=al&sl=23&s=AUTHLASTNAME%28Hornanova%29&st1=Hornanova&orcidId=&selectionPageSearch=anl&reselectAuthor=false&activ
---	---

Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points	Riešenie otázky pôvodu zla v období medzi Starou a Novou zmluvou
---	--

OCA11.1 - Characteristics of the output in the format of the CRPA or the CRAA bibliographic record, if the output is not available in a publicly accessible register or catalogue of outputs	(ADE) Horňanová, Sidonia, "Riešenie otázky pôvodu zla v období medzi Starou a Novou zmluvou," Studia theologica. - Roč. 9, č. 1 (2007): 56-66
---	---

OCA12.1 - Type of the output (if the output is not registered in CRPA or CRAA)	article
---	---------

OCA13.1 - Hyperlink to the webpage where the output is available (full text, other documentation, etc.)	https://www.studiatheologica.eu/magno/sth/2007/mn1.php
--	---

Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points	Studia Theologica, 2007 (roč. 9), number 1
---	--

OCA14.1 - Characteristics of the author's contribution	100%
---	------

OCA15.1 - Annotation of the output with contextual information concerning the description of creative process and the content of the research/artistic/other activity, etc.	The output deals with the origin of evil in the Jewish literature of the Second Temple, specifically in Jewish pseudoepigraphic and wisdom writings and in some texts from Qumran. There are three sources that describe the origin of evil. The first is based on the myth of the fallen angels (1Hen 14). The second refers to the fall of Adam in Gen. 3. Finally, the Qumran texts explain the origin of sin as "jecer," the evil affection of man. The explanation of the origins of evil in Qumran has been elaborated in the doctrine of the two spirits who fight in man's heart (1QS 4:23), with man making evil choices. In the Christian tradition, the emphasis is on the transfer of guilt from the fall of the first man. The output shows that neither explanation provides a satisfactory solution to the question of the origin of evil due to the continuing tension between man's free will and predestination.
--	--

OCA16.1 - Annotation of the output in English	The output deals with the origins of evil portrayed in the Jewish literature of the Second Temple Judaism, namely the Jewish Pseudepigrapha and sapiential works and some texts from Qumran. There are three attested sources that describe the origins of evil. First one is based on the mythic account of the agency of the fallen angels (1Hen 14). The second explanation points to Adam's fall in Gen 3. Finally, Qumran texts explain the origin of sin through so called "jecer", the guilty inclination of a man. This explanation is even elaborated into the theory of two spirits fighting in the heart of man (1QS 4, 23) and the human decision to follow evil inclination. Following the Christian tradition, there was the emphasis put on the hereditary transmission of sin from Adam's fall. Overall, the output points out that none of the presented solutions can entirely solve the issue of evil due to the ongoing tension between free will of man and predestination.
--	--

OCA18.1 - Characteristics of the output's impact on socio-economic practice	The output is a contribution to the ongoing debate about the issues of evil, suffering and of theodicy with regard to current society. It sustains elimination of prejudices, discrimination and intolerance, and makes contribution to a diversionary and inclusive environment of modern society. Furthermore, by reason that Jewish noncanonical intertestamental literature is a common heritage of early Judaism and early Christianity, the research sheds light upon the interpretation of the New Testament and leads into a revision of the fundamental Christian doctrines of sin.
--	--

OCA19.1 - Characteristics of the output and related activities' impact on the educational process	The published results are a part of the curriculum of the theology program of master's study: Exegesis of The Old Testament 2 and Exegesis of The Old Testament 4. The former deals with the prophetic critique of sin of Israeli society and the idea of vicarious suffering, while the latter deals with the question of theodicy in the Book of Daniel and the Book of Esther in the Bible. Still, the interdisciplinary nature of the research makes it possible for use by students and teachers in the field of human sciences besides theology: philosophical anthropology, psychology, sociology and ethics.
--	--

2nd evaluated output

OCA5.2 - Area of assessment	Evangelical Lutheran Theology (Habilitation and Inauguration Proceedings)
------------------------------------	---

OCA6.2 - Category of the research/ artistic/other output	scientific output
---	-------------------

OCA7.2 - Year of publication of the research/artistic/other output	2006
---	------

OCA8.2 - ID of the record in the Central Registry of Publication Activity (CRPA) or the Central Registry of Artistic Activity (CRAA) ID: UK.Bratislava.vtl5000180955 *výstup je evidovaný v medzinárodnej databáze ATLA
OCA10.2 - Hyperlink to the record in another publicly accessible register, catalogue of research/ artistic/other outputs https://petra.uniba.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildI2T5U&sid=FB82D27E75BF874B6DE85ACD15D7&seo=PETRA-detail-%C4%8C%l%C3%A1nok
Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points Apokalyptická tradice "Merkava" a její implikace pro ranou christologii / Horňanová, Sidonia (Autor) (100%) In: Teologická reflexe [textový dokument (print)] : časopis pro teologii. – Praha (Česko) : Univerzita Karlova v Praze. Evangelická teologická fakulta. – ISSN 1211-1872. – Roč. 12, č. 2 (2006), s. 181-193 [tlačená forma]
Suggested output quality level A
Justification of the RATP Justification for classification according to the Categorization of Outputs in the Annex to the Rector's Directive 24/2021 Minimum Criteria for Obtaining the Degree of Associate Professor and the Degree of Professor at the Evangelical Lutheran Theological Faculty of Comenius University in Bratislava: the research contribution was published in the national language in a foreign specialized research journal or publishing house that is registered in an international database (WoS [CCC, AHCI], Scopus) or in a specific international database in the relevant field of theology (Atla – Religion Database, Den Bibliometriske Forskningsindikator [Denmark], European Reference Index for the Humanities and Social Sciences [ERIH PLUS], Index Copernicus, Index Theologicus, Julkaisufoorumi [Finland], Norwegian Register for Scientific Journals, Series and Publishers [Norway]).
OCA11.2 - Characteristics of the output in the format of the CRPA or the CRAA bibliographic record, if the output is not available in a publicly accessible register or catalogue of outputs (ADE) Horňanová, Sidonia, "Apokalyptická tradice "Merkava" a její implikace pro ranou christologii," Teologická reflexe. - Roč. 12, č. 2 (2006): 181-193.
OCA12.2 - Type of the output (if the output is not registered in CRPA or CRAA) article
OCA13.2 - Hyperlink to the webpage where the output is available (full text, other documentation, etc.) https://web.etf.cuni.cz/ETFN-201-version1-04_hornanova.pdf
Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points Apokalyptická tradice "Merkava" a její implikace pro ranou christologii
OCA14.2 - Characteristics of the author's contribution 100%
OCA15.2 - Annotation of the output with contextual information concerning the description of creative process and the content of the research/artistic/other activity, etc. The output deals with mercavotic mysticism as part of the Jewish tradition of visionaries who ascended to the highest heaven to the throne of God. The research sheds light on the mystical speculations present in the literary tradition of early Christianity, Gnosticism and Jewish mysticism and points to the connections between them. In connection with mystical speculation, the research also deals with a mediating being near the throne of God, which is related to the rabbis' teaching on the "two forces in heaven", which was widespread in the 1st century. This heresy has most likely become a catalyst for the rejection of early Christianity by the Jews. The research also deals with the anthropomorphic idea of God, the so-called "Shi'ur qoma", literally the dimensions of the body of God, with gigantic dimensions that fill the whole world and which recalls the idea of the cosmic Christ. The aim of the research was to show how the Christology of the early church was influenced by the Jewish mercavotic tradition.
OCA16.2 - Annotation of the output in English The output focuses on Merkabah (the Divine Chariot) mysticism which is a part of early Jewish visionary tradition concerning stories of ascents to the heavenly palaces, even to the Throne of God. The research sheds light upon the mystical speculations in the literary traditions of early Christianity, Gnosticism, and Jewish mysticism while pointing out the relationship between them. In relation to mystical speculations, it also deals with the mediatorial figure next to the Throne of God that is linked to the belief of rabbis in "two powers in heaven". This heresy was widespread by the first century, and it is possible that it might have acted as a catalyst for the Jewish rejection of early Christianity. It also connected to the idea of Shi'ur Komah (The Measurement of the Body) which describes God in anthropomorphic terms, as a humanlike creature of gigantic dimensions that occupies the whole cosmos resembling to the idea of the cosmic Christ. The aim of the research is to attest that Christology in the Early Church might have been influenced by the Jewish Merkabah tradition.
OCA17.2 - List of maximum 5 most significant citations corresponding to the output •[o3] 2009 - Klíma, Lukáš : Horňanová Sidonia: Židovská apokalyptika. Úvod do pseudoepigrafičských, kumránskych a merkavotických textov. - In: Křesťanská revue, roč. 75, č. 2, 2009 ; s. 38 •[o4] 2012 - Šoltésová, Katarína : Anjelské predstavy v Kumráne. - In: Texty z Kumránu v kontexte pluralitného intertestamentárneho judaizmu : recenzovaný zborník z medzinárodného vedeckého sympózia . - Bratislava : EBF UK, 2012 ; S. 92
OCA18.2 - Characteristics of the output's impact on socio-economic practice Christology of the Church against the background of exploration of early Jewish and Christian theophanies is an important starting point for understanding the modern evolutionary world at perspective of philosophers and visionars such as Teilhard de Chardin or Komenský. The former had visions of the noosphere that could be nowadays supposedly fulfilled in cyberspace, the latter had vision about globalization of Europe. Outcomes research about cosmic dimensions of the Christ applied in the message of the Church nowadays contribute to the current trends of globalization process that have been created by revolutionary development of information and communication technology (ICT).
OCA19.2 - Characteristics of the output and related activities' impact on the educational process The published results of the output were a part of curriculum of the seminar of bachelor's and master's study: Kabala. The seminar enables understand Kabala, the most esoteric and the most famous Jewish mysticism. The results of the research are also present in a simplified form in my monograph: Jewish apocalyptic: An Introduction to Pseudoepigrapha, Qumran and Merkava texts, which is a key literary source for another subject of theology program of master's study: Introduction to the Old Testament. They could be also helpful for another subject of theology program of master's study: Dogmatics I. The interdisciplinary nature of the output makes it possible to use its conclusions in the field of Jewish and Christian philosophy. It contributes to deeper understanding of confrontation of Jewish anthropomorphic imaginations and philosophy of Plato.
3rd evaluated output
OCA5.3 - Area of assessment Evangelical Lutheran Theology (Habilitation and Inauguration Proceedings)
OCA6.3 - Category of the research/ artistic/other output scientific output
OCA7.3 - Year of publication of the research/artistic/other output 2007
OCA8.3 - ID of the record in the Central Registry of Publication Activity (CRPA) or the Central Registry of Artistic Activity (CRAA) ID: 318512
OCA9.3 - Hyperlink to the record in CRPA or CRAA https://app.crepc.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildG1GV2F&sid=D7F06072665592E4AB8A2D8E10&&seo=CREP%C4%8C-detail-kapitola-/pr%C3%Adspevok
Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points Fenoméň apokalyptiky od židovství po křesťanství / Horňanová, Sidonia (Autor) (100%). – [recenzované] In: Novozákonní apokryfy (3. Prorocství a apokalypsy) [textový dokument (print)] / Jan Amos, Dus [Zostavovateľ, editor]. – 1 vyd. – Praha (Česko) : Nakladatelství Vyšehrad, 2007. – ISBN 978-80-7021-814-3, s. 27-70 [tlačená forma]
Suggested output quality level A
Justification of the RATP

Justification for classification according to the Categorization of Outputs in the Annex to the Rector's Directive 24/2021 Minimum Criteria for Obtaining the Degree of Associate Professor and the Degree of Professor at the Evangelical Lutheran Theological Faculty of Comenius University in Bratislava: the research contribution was published in the national language in a foreign specialized research journal or publishing house that is registered in an international database (WoS [CCC, AHC], Scopus) or in a specific international database in the relevant field of theology (Atla – Religion Database, Den Bibliometriske Forskningsindikator [Denmark], European Reference Index for the Humanities and Social Sciences [ERIH PLUS], Index Copernicus, Index Theologicus, Jultkaisuforum [Finland], Norwegian Register for Scientific Journals, Series and Publishers [Norway]).

OCA10.3 - Hyperlink to the record in another publicly accessible register, catalogue of research/ artistic/other outputs

<https://petra.uniba.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildW2REF&sid=D7F06072665592E4AB8A2D8E10&seo=PETRA-detail-kapitola-/pr%C3%ADspevok>

Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points

Fenoméń apokalyptiky od ťidovství po křestanství

OCA11.3 - Characteristics of the output in the format of the CRPA or the CRAA bibliographic record, if the output is not available in a publicly accessible register or catalogue of outputs

(ABC) Horňanová, Sidonia, "Fenoméń apokalyptiky od ťidovství po křestanství" in Novozákonní apokryfy III. Prorocství a apokalypsy 3: novozákonní apokryfy (Praha: Vyšehrad, 1. vyd. 2007, 2. vyd. 2012), 27 - 70.

OCA12.3 - Type of the output (if the output is not registered in CRPA or CRAA)

chapter

OCA13.3 - Hyperlink to the webpage where the output is available (full text, other documentation, etc.)

<https://docplayer.cz/19906787-Knihovna-rane-krestanske-literatury-centrum-biblick-ch-studii.html>

Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points

Knihovna rané křestanské literatury. centrum biblických studií

OCA14.3 - Characteristics of the author's contribution

100%

OCA15.3 - Annotation of the output with contextual information concerning the description of creative process and the content of the research/artistic/other activity, etc.

The output is the result of cooperation between the Center for Biblical Studies of Charles University in Prague and the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic with the author. The 3rd edition is already waiting for him. It contains an introduction to the apocalyptic phenomenon on the translations of 20 ancient apocalyptic texts. It introduces the problem of definition and sources of such a complex phenomenon as apocalypics. There are three ways to define it: 1. As an apocalypse in the sense of the literary genre; 2. as apocalyptic eschatology in terms of religious perspective and 3. as apocalypticism in terms of ideology or religious movement in history. The sources of apocalypticism were twofold: genuine sources of eschatological predictions of Israeli prophets and foreign sources, especially Persian dualism and Babylonian mantic wisdom. As for the message of the apocalyptic, its dominant motive is eschatology. The common denominator of all Jewish apocalypse is transcendental eschatology with the motif of the impending inevitable final judgment and retribution. From a formal point of view, all apocalypses take the form of supernatural revelation. Apocalyptic ideas fueled the beliefs of both Jews and Christians in times of social and religious crisis, including persecution.

OCA16.3 - Annotation of the output in English

The output is an outcome from the cooperation of the Centre of Biblical Studies of the Charles University in Prague and the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic together with the author. It waits for the 3rd edition. It contains of an introduction of an apocalyptic phenomena to the translation of 20 ancient apocalyptic texts. The research is acquainted regarding the issues of the definition and the sources and interpretation of such a complex phenomenon of apocalyptic. There are three definitions of the word apocalyptic: 1. the apocalypse in terms of a literary genre; 2. the apocalyptic eschatology in terms of a special religious perspective; and 3. apocalypticism in terms of an ideology or a social movement in history. Apocalyptic was supplied with twofold sources: with genuine sources of eschatological prediction of Israeli prophets and with the alien sources, e.g. Persian dualism and Babylonian mantic wisdom. With regard to the message of apocalyptic, the common feature of all the Jewish apocalypses is transcendental eschatology with the motive of final judgement. Regarding the form of Jewish apocalypses, they all have a form of supernatural revelation. Apocalyptic ideas have nourished belief of Jews and Christians at the time of social and religious crisis including persecutions.

OCA17.3 - List of maximum 5 most significant citations corresponding to the output

- [o3] 2007 - Alena Frolíková. - In: Listy filologické/Folia philologica, Vol. 130, No 3/4 (2007), s. 405-407.
- [o5] 2008 - Ryšková, Mireia - In: Teologické texty, roč. 19, č. 2, 2008 ; s. 108.
- [o5] 2008 - Badurina-Stipčević, Vesna - In: Slovo, č. 58, 2008 ; s. 352-357.
- [o3] 2007 - Mackerle, Adam - In: Studia theologica, roč. 9, č. 4, 2007 ; s. 87.
- [o3] 2013 - Ábel, František - Apocalypticism and millenarianism in Thessalonica: Paul the apocalypticist and the patterns of apocalyptic movements in Thessalonica. - In: Millennaiism: expecting the end of the world in the past and present . - Praha : Dingir, 2013 ; s. 105.

OCA18.3 - Characteristics of the output's impact on socio-economic practice

The exploring of the phenomenon of Jewish apocalyptic carries huge value due to its function as a matrix of Christianity that is embedded in the roots of civilization of the western Europe. The output is focused on the issue of correct interpretation of apocalyptic phenomena with regards to the current global crisis. Nowadays apocalyptic has become a starting point for some modern religious groups and movements that are seeking solutions for global environment crisis, diseases, threat to the terrorism, wars, etc. The knowledge of genesis of apocalyptic and its reception in history is significant for a right evaluative attitude towards them. The outcomes research contributes to elimination of misinformation and intimidation, and at the same time it supports a critical thinking in modern society.

OCA19.3 - Characteristics of the output and related activities' impact on the educational process

The knowledge of origins of Jewish apocalyptic and interpretation of apocalyptic motifs is a necessary starting point for the right interpretation of apocalyptic ideas of the New Testament. The impact of the research is reflected in the curriculum of the subjects of theology program of master's study which deal with an exegesis of the apocalyptic genre of the Old and New Testament, namely the Apocalypse of Daniel and the Apocalypse of John and the epistles of the apostle of Paul. The research can be also used by students of practically oriented subjects Homiletics and Catechetics. Moreover, the published results of the output are also a part of my monograph: Jewish apocalyptic: An Introduction to Pseudoepigrapha, Qumran and Merkava texts, which is a key literary source for the subject Introduction to the Old Testament of theology program of master's study in theological faculties not only in Slovakia but also in Czech Republic (Faculty of Theology, University of South Bohemia in České Budějovice).

4th evaluated output

OCA5.4 - Area of assessment

Evangelical Lutheran Theology (Habilitation and Inauguration Proceedings)

OCA6.4 - Category of the research/ artistic/other output

scientific output

OCA7.4 - Year of publication of the research/artistic/other output

2020

OCA8.4 - ID of the record in the Central Registry of Publication Activity (CRPA) or the Central Registry of Artistic Activity (CRAA)

ID: 220819

OCA9.4 - Hyperlink to the record in CRPA or CRAA

<https://app.crep.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildK8SRA&sid=65B9C3CD633D1B0AC43E29A2AC&&seo=CREPČ-detail-kniha>

Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points

Skorší proroci [monografia (do 2021)] : Eliáš a Elízeus v Kráľovských knihách / Horňanová, Sidonia (Autor) (100%) ; Bándy, Juraj (Recenzent) ; Farkaš, Pavol (Recenzent) . – 1. vyd. – Bratislava (Slovensko) : Univerzita Komenského v Bratislave, 2020. – 170 s. – ISBN 978-80-223-4977-2

Suggested output quality level

A-

Justification of the RATP

Justification for classification according to the Categorization of Outputs in the Annex to the Rector's Directive 24/2021 Minimum Criteria for Obtaining the Degree of Associate Professor and the Degree of Professor at the Evangelical Lutheran Theological Faculty of Comenius University in Bratislava: the research contribution was published in a specialized research journal or publishing house that is not registered in an international database or in a specific international database in the relevant field of theology.

OCA10.4 - Hyperlink to the record in another publicly accessible register, catalogue of research/ artistic/other outputs https://petra.uniba.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildS8HEU&sid=65B9C3CD633D1B0AC43E29A2AC&seo=PETRA-detail-kniha	
Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points Skorší proroci Eliáš a Elizeus v Kráľovských knihách	
OCA11.4 - Characteristics of the output in the format of the CRPA or the CRAA bibliographic record, if the output is not available in a publicly accessible register or catalogue of outputs (AAB) Horňanová, Sidonia, Skorší proroci: Eliáš a Elizeus v Kráľovských knihách (Bratislava: Univerzita Komenského, 2020). 170 s.	
OCA12.4 - Type of the output (if the output is not registered in CRPA or CRAA) book publication	
OCA14.4 - Characteristics of the author's contribution 100%	
OCA15.4 - Annotation of the output with contextual information concerning the description of creative process and the content of the research/artistic/other activity, etc. The output focuses on Former prophets (1-2 Kings), specifically on a distinguishable literary cycle about the prophet Elijah and Elisha. It contains a modern research commentary given in inductive remarks on the historical, religious and cultural background in Israel in the 9th century ante, which was characterized by economic prosperity but the moral decay of society. In addition, it examines their specific literary characteristics, typological development and theological significance. One of the aims of the output is also the evaluation of the Elijah-Elisha typology in the Gospels of the New Testament, specifically how this typology applies to Jesus and John the Baptist. The output also includes an author's translation of the original Hebrew Masoretic text with textual-critical apparatus.	
OCA16.4 - Annotation of the output in English The output is focused on the Former Prophets (1-2 Kgs), namely on the distinctive literary Elijah-Elisha cycle. It is composed of a modern scholarly commentary preceded with introductory remarks on historical, religious, and cultural background of Israel in 9th century BCE that was characterized by economic well-being as well as moral decay. Moreover, it examines the particular literary characteristics, the typological development and the theological importance of both previously mentioned prophetic characters. One of the goals is also to evaluate the Elijah and Elisha typology in the gospels of the New Testament, namely how the typology refers to Jesus and John the Baptist. A part of the publication output is also a Slovak auctorial translation of the original Hebrew Masoretic text with critical remarks of the ancient text.	
OCA17.4 - List of maximum 5 most significant citations corresponding to the output •[o5] 2021 - Devečková, Simona - Sidonia Horňanová: Skorší proroci: Eliáš a Elizeus v kráľovských knihách. - In: Studia Theologica, roč. 23, č. 3, 2021 ; s.199-201 o6]	
OCA18.4 - Characteristics of the output's impact on socio-economic practice The output contains a reflection of the relationship of morality and economy. Advance in technology does not guarantee an increase in morality and humanity in the society. In the light of the prophetic critique, the output promotes the importance of human moral acting, distinctively of leaders, as well as of the necessary task of the church to cultivate moral values and demonstrations of solidarity in the process of globalisation and technological advance.	
OCA19.4 - Characteristics of the output and related activities' impact on the educational process The published results of the research are used in the curriculum of the master's studies of theology program: Exegesis of the Old Testament 2. Thanks to the interdisciplinary character of the output, they promote the interdisciplinary study of the Bible across the Humanities and Social Sciences including theology, religion, philology, philosophy and sociology. The research can be also used by theological students of practically oriented subjects Homiletics and Catechetics.	
5th evaluated output	
OCA5.5 - Area of assessment Evangelical Lutheran Theology (Habilitation and Inauguration Proceedings)	
OCA6.5 - Category of the research/ artistic/other output scientific output	
OCA7.5 - Year of publication of the research/artistic/other output 2022	
OCA8.5 - ID of the record in the Central Registry of Publication Activity (CRPA) or the Central Registry of Artistic Activity (CRAA) ID: 1014370	
OCA9.5 - Hyperlink to the record in CRPA or CRAA https://app.crep.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildG1F4V8&sid=E319D27ADE4525BA611DAB47CA10&seo=CREP%C4%8C-detail-kni%C5%BE%C3%A1-publik%C3%A1cia	
Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points Megilat Ester [textový dokument (print)] [monografia] / Horňanová, Sidonia (Autor) (100%) ; Bándy, Juraj (Recenzent) ; Hanes, Pavel (Recenzent) ; Tyrol, Anton (Recenzent) ; Tydlitálová, Věra (Recenzent) . – 1. vyd. – Bratislava (Slovensko) : Univerzita Komenského v Bratislave, 2022. – 180 s. [tlačená forma]. – ISBN 978-80-223-5523-0	
Suggested output quality level A-	
Justification of the RATP Justification for classification according to the Categorization of Outputs in the Annex to the Rector's Directive 24/2021 Minimum Criteria for Obtaining the Degree of Associate Professor and the Degree of Professor at the Evangelical Lutheran Theological Faculty of Comenius University in Bratislava: the research contribution was published in a specialized research journal or publishing house that is not registered in an international database or in a specific international database in the relevant field of theology.	
OCA10.5 - Hyperlink to the record in another publicly accessible register, catalogue of research/ artistic/other outputs https://petra.uniba.sk/?fn=detailBiblioFormChildS5A2R&sid=E319D27ADE4525BA611DAB47CA10&seo=PETRA-detail-kni%C5%BE%C3%A1-publik%C3%A1cia	
Title of the publication to which the hyperlink points Megilat Ester	
OCA11.5 - Characteristics of the output in the format of the CRPA or the CRAA bibliographic record, if the output is not available in a publicly accessible register or catalogue of outputs (V1) Horňanová, Sidonia, Megilat Ester (Bratislava: Univerzita Komenského, 2022). 180 s.	
OCA12.5 - Type of the output (if the output is not registered in CRPA or CRAA) book publication	
OCA14.5 - Characteristics of the author's contribution 100%	
OCA15.5 - Annotation of the output with contextual information concerning the description of creative process and the content of the research/artistic/other activity, etc. The output is a modern scholarly commentary on the Hebrew scroll of Esther, which represents one of the earliest instances of anti-Semitism in history. Thematically it is divided into three parts. The first part contains introductory remarks on the book of Esther. It deals with the historical plausibility of the scroll, the question of its literary genre, its position in the canon, as well as its evaluation in Judaism and Christianity. The second largest section is a scholarly commentary divided according to the three pairs of feasts - Ahasuerus (1:1-2:18), Esther (2:9-7:10), and the Purim feasts (8:1-10:3). The commentary takes into account recent research findings as well as rabbinic interpretations and Targums. In order to harmonize some of the historical data in the book, it also refers to ancient works of Greek authors (especially Herodotus). The third part addresses the question of the origin and practice of the festival of Purim.	
OCA16.5 - Annotation of the output in English	

The output is a modern scholarly commentary on the Hebrew scroll of Esther, which represents one of the earliest instances of anti-Semitism in history and which also clarifies the origin of the feast of the Purim. The first part of the commentary contains introductory remarks on the book of Esther. It deals with the historical plausibility of the scroll, the question of its literary genre, its position in the canon, as well as its evaluation in Judaism and Christianity. The second largest section is a scholarly commentary divided according to the three pairs of feasts - Ahasuerus (1:1-2:18), Esther (2:9-7:10), and the Purim feasts (8:1-10:3). The commentary takes into account recent research findings as well as rabbinic interpretations and Targums. In order to harmonize some of the historical data in the book, it also refers to ancient works of Greek authors (especially Herodotus). The third part addresses the question of the origin and practice of the Purim.

OCA17.5 - List of maximum 5 most significant citations corresponding to the output

•[o3] 2023 - Horňanová, Sidonia. Megilat Ester. / Tyrol, Anton In: Verba Theologica [textový dokument (print)] [elektronický dokument] : teologický časopis. – Košice (Slovensko) : Katolícka univerzita v Ružomberku. Teologická fakulta, Ružomberok (Slovensko) : Katolícka univerzita v Ružomberku. VERBUM - vydavateľstvo KU. – ISSN 1336-1635. – ISSN (online) 2644-4844. – Roč. 22, č. 1 (2023), s. 132-133.

OCA18.5 - Characteristics of the output's impact on socio-economic practice

The output is an important contribution not only to the exegesis of biblical writings in the Slovak context, but also to the debunking of anti-Jewish stereotypes. The Church and Luther had a reticent or even dismissive attitude towards the Book of Esther, justified by the fact that the book promoted Jewish nationalism and genocide. Scholarly output, however, argues persuasively in favor of the book's promotion not of Jewish nationalism but of "the right of people to defend themselves against those who threaten them with genocide." The author's translation of the Hebrew scroll of Esther can be used in the next revision of the Slovak Evangelical Lutheran Bible translation as well as in the 2018 Ecumenical Translation, in which anti-Jewish stereotypes can be detected in the title of chapter 9: "The Revenge of the Jews on their Enemies." In fact, it was not about the vengeance of the Jews upon the enemy but about the defense of the Jews against those who hated them and wanted to exterminate them. The publication of the commentary is a contribution to the debunking of contemporary anti-Jewish stereotypes, even in the light of the post-7 October 2023 conflict in the Middle East. With its final update, it highlights the continuing relevance of human rights themes against the backdrop of contemporary crimes against humanity by totalitarian regimes. It also reminds the appreciation of women or the importance of minorities to society and the need to defend their rights.

OCA19.5 - Characteristics of the output and related activities' impact on the educational process

The published results of the research have an interdisciplinary character. They are useful in the field of humanitarian sciences: biblical sciences, hermeneutics, history of religion, philosophy, philosophy of religion, Semitic philology and classical language. They are used in the curriculum of the doctoral and master's studies of theology program for exegetic courses, course of Introduction of the Old Testament and History of Israel. Author's translation of the Hebrew text of the Book of Esther with the translation and with critical remarks is used for teaching Hebrew II course and the Hebrew Exercises 2 course to improve student's abilities to read and conceive ancient Semitic texts.

Date of last update27.05.2025